1	2	3	4
15.	Punjab National Bank	616	883
16.	Syndicate Bank	126	323
17.	UCO Bank	299	253
18.	Union Bank of India	278	320
19.	United Bank of India	142	189
20.	Vijaya Bank	77	94
21.	State Bank of India	1810	1397
22.	State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur	88	47
23.	State Bank of Hyderabad	173	128
24.	State Bank of Indore	88	71
25.	State Bank of Mysore	56	43
26.	State Bank of Patiala	109	98
27.	State Bank of Saurashtra	51	30
28.	State Bank of Travancore	94	113
	TOTAL:	8832	9424

Indian Infrastructure Project Development Fund

971. SHRI DARA SINGH: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether his Ministry has so far set up a corpus called Indian Infrastructure Project Development Fund with an initial contribution of Rs. 100 crore to provide technical support for project development activities in the States and Central Government Ministries; and

(b) if so, how many States were attracted or sought help from the centre and shown interest in this regard, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) and (b) No, Sir. A revolving fund with a corpus of Rs. 100 crore to quicken the pace of preparation of a shelf of bankable projects which can be offered for competitive bidding was announced by Finance Minister in the Budget Speech 2007-08. India Infrastructure Project Development Fund scheme, to operationalise the Fund is under consideration of the Government.

Loan sanctioned to non-priority sectors

972. SHRI TARINI KANTA ROY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that outstanding amount of loan sanctioned by the commercial banks in non-priority sectors are much higher than loan sanctioned in priority sectors; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) Yes, Sir. As reported by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the outstanding amount of loan sanctioned by the commercial banks to the priority and non-priority sectors as at the end of March, 2007 is as under:

	(Amount Rs. in crores)
Priority Sector Advances	6,68,203
Non-Priority Sector Advances	12,25,301

(b) If the higher volume of credit to non-priority Sector is attributed to the existing policy of the RBI, which is responsible for the monitoring of credit needs of the economy, for channeling higher proportion of Adjusted Net Bank Credit (ANBC) in the ratio of 40:60 between priority and non-priority sectors, keeping in view competing needs of the economy.

Performance parameters for States

973. SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Central Government have set performance parameters for State Governments to achieve in the matter of utilisation of funds;

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;

(c) whether incentive is granted to State Governments complying with the parameters;

(d) if so, number of State Governments recommended in Eleventh Finance Commission Report for such incentive;

(e) whether as per the incentive programme, un-utilised funds out of the Incentive Funds have to be released to performing States;

(f) if so, details thereof and whether Karnataka has requested for release of un-utilised fund amounting to Rs.286.15 crores; and

(g) if so, the details thereof and Centre's response thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) to (e) Pursuant to the recommendations of the Eleventh Finance Commission (EFC), Government of India created a Fiscal Reforms Facility (2000-01 to 2004-05) and had set up an Incentive Fund. The release from the Incentive Fund to the States was based on the performance of single monitorable fiscal objective *i.e.* 5 percentage point improvement in revenue deficit as percentage of revenue receipts (reduced to 2 % point for special category States prospectively from 2002-03) in each year till 2004-05. For revenue surplus States, 3 percentage point improvement in Balance from Current Revenue as percentage of non-plan revenue receipts was the criteria. States were to formulate Medium Term Fiscal Reform Programme aimed at fiscal consolidation. Based on the fiscal performance, grants from the Incentive Fund were released to the eligible States.